Forklift Mast Chains

Mast Chains - Leaf Chains have various functions and are regulated by ANSI. They are utilized for lift truck masts, for low-speed pulling and tension linkage, and as balancers between counterweight and head in certain machine tools. Leaf chains are sometimes likewise referred to as Balance Chains.

Construction and Features

Leaf chains are actually steel chains with a simple link plate and pin construction. The chain number refers to the lacing of the links and the pitch. The chains have certain features like for instance high tensile strength for every section area, which allows the design of smaller devices. There are A- and B- kind chains in this particular series and both the AL6 and BL6 Series comprise the same pitch as RS60. Lastly, these chains cannot be powered with sprockets.

Handling and Selection

Comparably, in roller chains, all of the link plates have higher fatigue resistance because of the compressive stress of press fits, whereas in leaf chains, only two outer plates are press fit. The tensile strength of leaf chains is high and the utmost permissible tension is low. If handling leaf chains it is essential to check with the manufacturer's guidebook to be able to ensure the safety factor is outlined and use safety measures always. It is a good idea to exercise utmost caution and use extra safety measures in functions wherein the consequences of chain failure are severe.

Using a lot more plates in the lacing leads to the higher tensile strength. For the reason that this does not enhance the maximum allowable tension directly, the number of plates used may be limited. The chains need regular lubrication in view of the fact that the pins link directly on the plates, generating an extremely high bearing pressure. Making use of a SAE 30 or 40 machine oil is normally advised for the majority of applications. If the chain is cycled over one thousand times in a day or if the chain speed is over 30m per minute, it will wear really rapidly, even with continuous lubrication. Thus, in either of these conditions the use of RS Roller Chains will be a lot more suitable.

AL type chains are only to be utilized under certain situations such as where there are no shock loads or if wear is not a huge problem. Make sure that the number of cycles does not go over a hundred each day. The BL-type would be better suited under different situations.

The stress load in components would become higher if a chain with a lower safety factor is selected. If the chain is likewise used among corrosive situations, it could easily fatigue and break very fast. Doing regular maintenance is really vital if operating under these kinds of situations.

The inner link or outer link kind of end link on the chain would determine the shape of the clevis. Clevis connectors or Clevis pins are made by manufacturers, but the user typically supplies the clevis. A wrongly made clevis can decrease the working life of the chain. The strands should be finished to length by the maker. Check the ANSI standard or get in touch with the maker.